

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

**Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): April 23, 2024

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

001-33013

(Commission File Number)

Delaware

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

11-3209278

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

220 RXR Plaza, Uniondale, NY 11556

(Address of principal executive offices)

(718) 961-5400

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

| Title of each class | Trading Symbol(s) | Name of each exchange on which registered |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Common Stock, \$0.01 par value | FFIC | The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC |

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure.

On April 23, 2024 Flushing Financial Corp. (the “Company”) made available to investors, and to post on this website, the earnings presentation for the 2024 first quarter earnings, the presentation attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

[Exhibit 99.1. Presentation dated April 24, 2024.](#)

104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

FLUSHING FINANCIAL CORPORATION

Date: April 23, 2024

By: /s/ SUSAN K. CULLEN
Susan K. Cullen
Senior Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

1Q24 Earnings Conference Call



Building Rewarding Relationships

April 24, 2024

FFIC FLUSHING
Financial Corporation

Safe Harbor Statement

“Safe Harbor” Statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995: Statements in this Presentation relating to plans, strategies, economic performance and trends, projections of results of specific activities or investments and other statements that are not descriptions of historical facts may be forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking information is inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, and actual results could differ materially from those currently anticipated due to a number of factors, which include, but are not limited to, risk factors discussed in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, and in other documents filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time. Forward-looking statements may be identified by terms such as “may”, “will”, “should”, “could”, “expects”, “plans”, “intends”, “anticipates”, “believes”, “estimates”, “predicts”, “forecasts”, “goals”, “potential” or “continue” or similar terms or the negative of these terms. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. The Company has no obligation to update these forward-looking statements.

1Q24 Financial Highlights

(\$ in 000s, except for EPS)

| | 1Q24 | 4Q23 | 1Q23 |
|--------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Net Interest Income | \$42,397 | \$46,085 | \$45,262 |
| Provision for Credit Losses | 592 | 998 | 7,508 |
| Noninterest Income | 3,084 | 7,402 | 6,857 |
| Noninterest Expense | 39,892 | 40,735 | 39,156 |
| Income Before Income Taxes | 4,997 | 11,754 | 5,455 |
| Provision for Income Taxes | 1,313 | 3,655 | 1,411 |
| Net Income | 3,684 | 8,099 | 4,044 |
| GAAP EPS | \$0.12 | \$0.27 | \$0.13 |
| Core EPS ¹ | \$0.14 | \$0.25 | \$0.06 |
| GAAP NIM FTE | 2.06 % | 2.29 % | 2.27 % |
| NIM FTE | 2.06 | 2.31 % | 2.25 |
| NCOs/Average Loans | - % | - % | 0.54 % |
| NPAs/Assets | 0.53 | 0.54 | 0.50 |
| Criticized and Classified Loan/Loans | 0.87 | 1.11 | 0.84 |
| 30-89 Day Delinquencies/Total Loans | 0.24 | 0.25 | 0.16 |

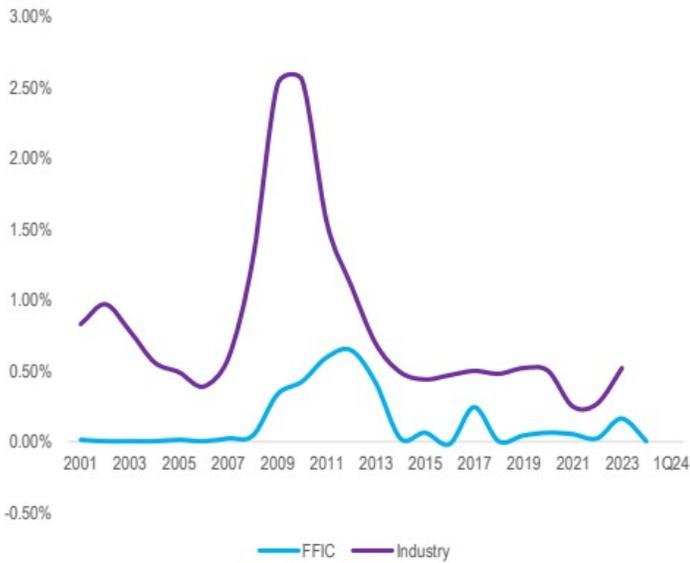
- Net Interest Margin impacted by high cash balances, slow loan closings, and CD repricing
- Episodic items² totaled \$1 million in 1Q24, \$3 million in 4Q23, and \$1 million in 1Q23
- Noninterest income in 4Q23 includes net realized gains on the sale of assets and other dividends from nonqualified plans that are expected to normalize in future periods
- Noninterest expense increased only 1.9% YoY, but declined 2.1% QoQ
- Credit quality remains excellent

Continued Strong Credit Quality

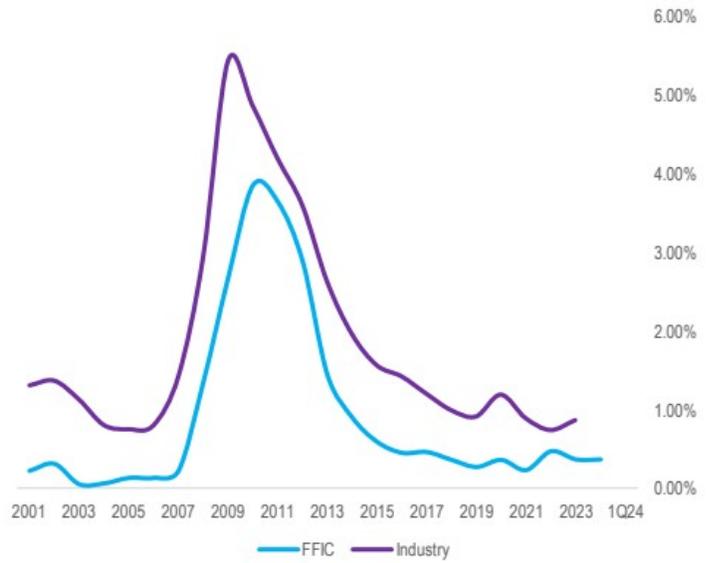
- **Conservative Underwriting Leads to Excellent Asset Quality**
 - \$4,000 or less than 1 basis point of quarterly net charge offs
 - 24 bps of 30-89 day delinquencies
 - Criticized and classified loans down 23% QoQ and were only 87 basis points of loans
 - NPAs flat QoQ and are only 53 basis points of assets
- **Drivers of the credit performance**
 - Conservative underwriting
 - 89% of the loan portfolio secured by real estate
 - Average LTVs of less than 36%
 - 1.8x DCR for multifamily and investor commercial real estate (67% of total loans)
 - Strong sponsor support

Net Charge-offs Significantly Better Than the Industry; Strong DCR

NCOs / Average Loans¹



Noncurrent Loans / Loans



Weighted average debt coverage ratios (DCR) for Multifamily and Investor CRE portfolios at ~1.8x²

- 200 bps shock increase in rates produces a weighted average DCR of ~1.46x³
- 10% increase in operating expense yields a weighted average DCR of ~1.74x³
- 200 bps shock increase in rates and 10% increase in operating expenses results in a weighted average DCR ~1.31³
- In all scenarios, weighted average LTV is less than 50%³

- Over two decades and multiple credit cycles, Flushing Financial has a history of better than industry credit quality
- Average LTVs on the Real Estate portfolio is less than 36%⁴
 - Only \$38.2 million of real estate loans (0.6% of gross loans) with an LTV of 75% or more⁴; \$9.2 million have mortgage insurance



¹ "Industry" includes FDIC insured institutions from "FDIC Statistics At A Glance" through December 31, 2023

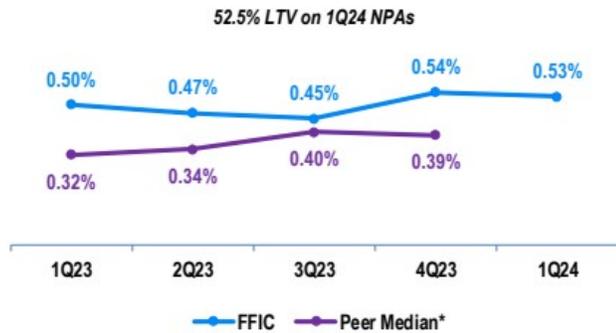
² Based on most recent Annual Loan Review

³ Based upon a sample size of 74% of multifamily and investor real estate loans as of December 31, 2023

⁴ Based on appraised value at origination

Low Risk Credit Profile Results

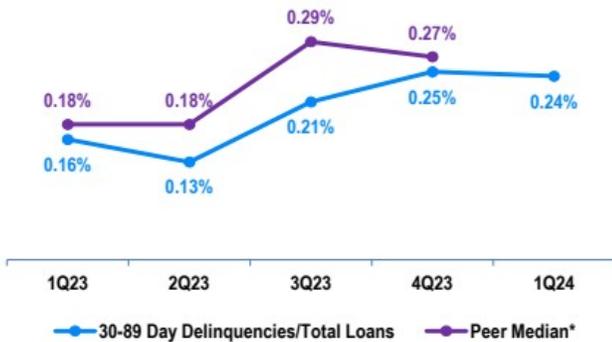
NPAs / Assets



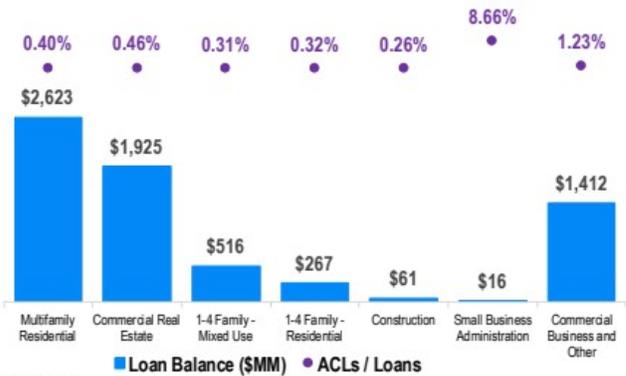
Criticized and Classified Loans / Gross Loans



30-89 Day Delinquencies / Total Loans



ACL by Loan Segment (1Q24)



Excellent Credit Quality In Key Portfolios

| Portfolio Data Points | Multifamily | Investor CRE | Office |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| NPLs/Loans | 0.18% | 0% | 0% |
| Criticized and Classified Loans/Loans | 54 bps | 5 bp | 6 bps |
| Weighted Average DCR: | 1.8x | 1.9x | 2.0x |
| Portfolio Size: | \$2.6 billion | \$1.9 billion | \$234 million |
| Average Loan Size: | \$1.2 million | \$2.5 million | \$3.1 million |

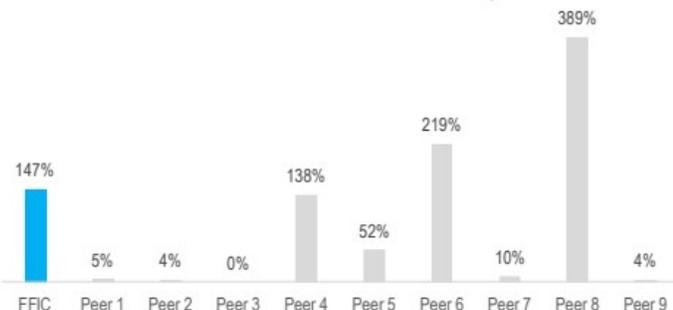
Low Risk Multifamily Loan Portfolio

Multifamily Ratios vs Peer Banks¹

Criticized and Classified Multifamily Loans / Total Multifamily Loans



Multifamily LLRs / Criticized and Classified Multifamily Loans



Loan Rating Criteria

- We employ a quantitative model to determine loan risk rates for real estate loans
- The model consists of four factors: property condition, current DCR, current LTV, and loan payment history with DCR and LTV combining for 70% of the weight
- The model output cannot be manually overridden to improve the risk rating, but can be downgraded

Multifamily Credit Quality Statistics²

- 30-89 day delinquencies of are 0.41% of total multifamily loans
- NPL loans are 0.18% of total multifamily loans
- Criticized and Classified loans to multifamily loans are 0.54%
- LLRs to multifamily criticized and classified loans are 75%

Compression of GAAP & Core NIM and Closing vs Satisfaction Yields Spreads QoQ

Net Interest Income and NIM
(\$ Millions)



Closings vs Satisfaction Yields¹



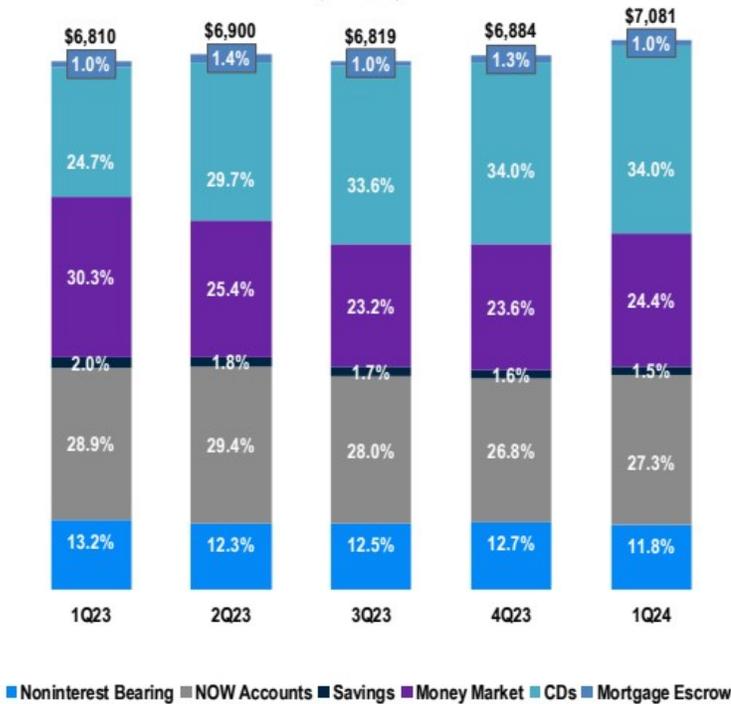
| GAAP NIM FTE | | | | |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 2.27% | 2.18% | 2.22% | 2.29% | 2.06% |



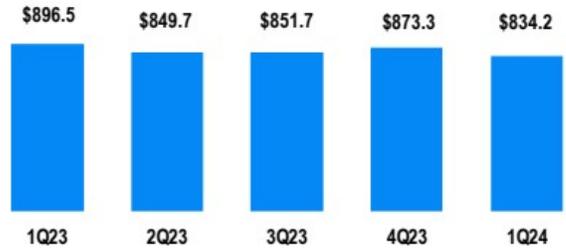
See Appendix for definitions of Core NII FTE, Core NIM, and Core Loan Yields
¹ Closings and Satisfaction Yields exclude PPP loans

Average Total Deposits Expand YoY and QoQ

Total Average Deposits
(\$ Millions)



Average Noninterest Bearing Deposits
(\$ Millions)

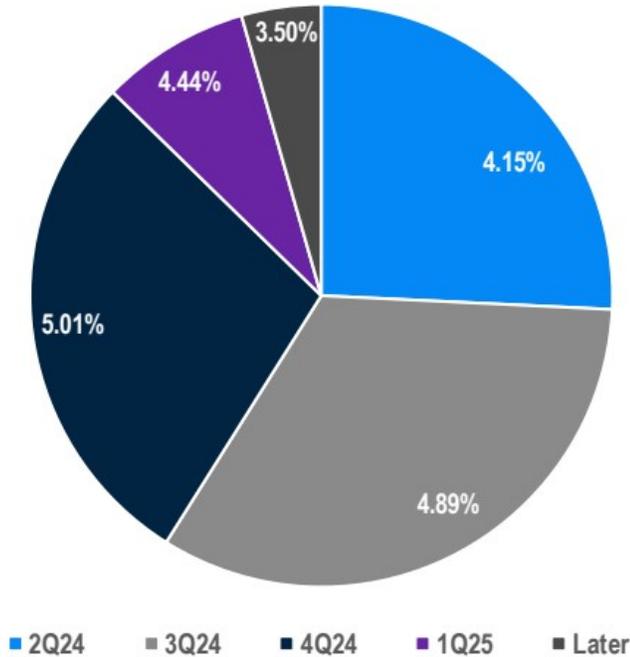


- Average total deposits increased 4.0% YoY and 2.9% QoQ with QoQ growth in NOW, money market, and CDs
- Average noninterest bearing deposits are 11.8% of average total deposits, down from 13.2% a year ago
- 1Q24 checking account openings down 20.6% YoY, but higher than 2022 levels

| Deposit Costs | | | | |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 2.29% | 2.68% | 2.94% | 3.10% | 3.27% |

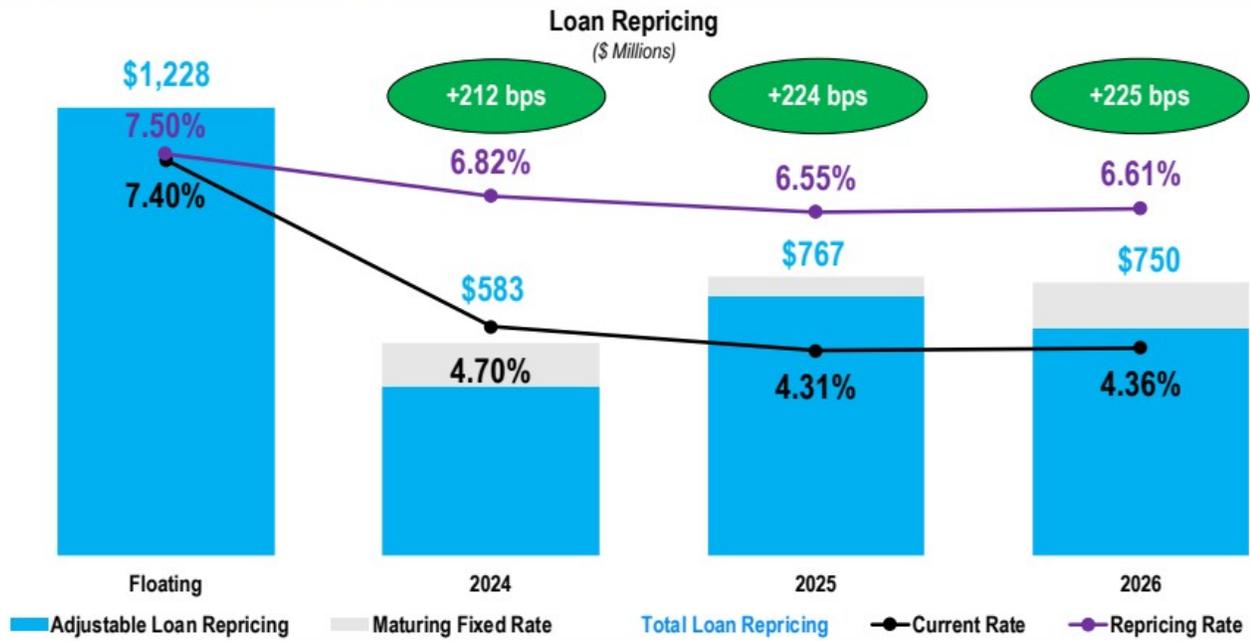
CDs Continue to Reprice

Total CDs of \$2.5 Billion;
Repricing Dates with Weighted Average Rate¹



- CDs have a weighted average rate of 4.56%¹ as of March 31, 2024
- Current CD rates are approximately 3.75%-4.25%
- Approximately 95%¹ of the CD portfolio will mature within one year
 - \$449.7 million in 2Q24 at 4.15%¹
 - \$579.4 million in 3Q24 at 4.89%
 - \$495.4 million in 4Q24 at 5.01%
 - \$144.4 million in 1Q25 at 4.44%
- Historically, we retain a high percentage of maturing CDs

Effective Floating Rate Loans Rise are ~25% of the Loan Portfolio; Significant Repricing to Occur Through 2026



- Floating rate loans include any loans (including back-to-back swaps) tied to an index that reprices within 90 days; Including interest rate hedges of \$500 million, \$1.7 billion or ~25% of the loan portfolio is effectively floating rate
- Through 2026, loans to reprice ~212-225 bps higher assuming index values as of March 31, 2024
- ~18% of loans reprice (~25% including all loan portfolio hedges) with every Fed move and an additional 10-15% reprice annually

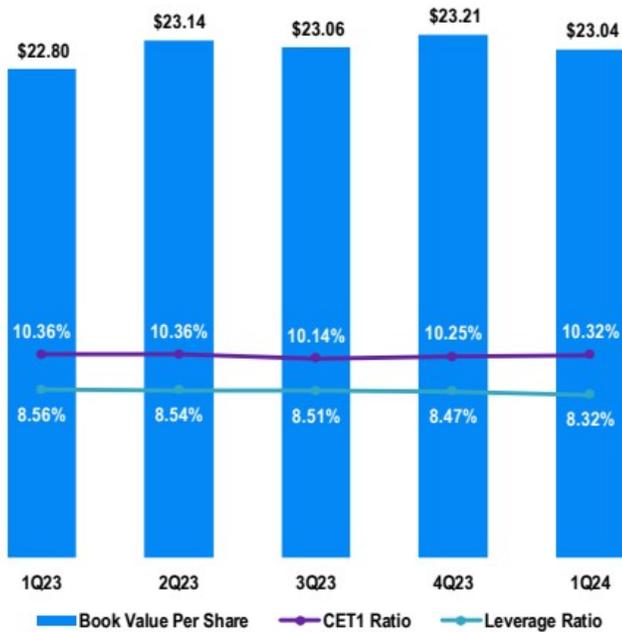
Interest Rate Hedges Provide Income and Reduce Rate Sensitivity

| Swap Type | Notional (\$ Million) | 1Q24 Avg Bal (\$ Million) | 1Q24 Yield with Swaps | 1Q24 Yield Without Swaps | Net Benefit |
|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| Investments | \$200.0 | \$1,119.1 | 4.53% | 4.25% | +0.28% |
| Loans | \$700.8 | \$6,804.1 | 5.46% | 5.23% | +0.23% |
| Funding | \$776.8 | \$7,849.1 | 3.42% | 3.77% | +0.35% |

- The \$1.7 billion of total interest rate hedges has annualized net interest income of \$42.7 million as of March 31, 2024
 - The net benefit will expand if the Fed raises rates or compress if the Fed cuts rates
- Only \$51 million of funding hedges are due to mature in 2024 at a weighted average rate of 1.32% and will largely be replaced with \$50 million of forward starting funding hedges at a rate of 0.80%

Book Value and Tangible Book Value Per Share Growth YoY

1.1% YoY Book Value Per Share Growth



1.1% YoY Increase in Tangible Book Value Per Share



Strong Asian Banking Market Focus

Asian Communities – Total Loans \$746 million and Deposits \$1.3 billion

Multilingual Branch Staff Serves Diverse Customer Base in NYC Metro Area

Growth Aided by the Asian Advisory Board

Sponsorships of Cultural Activities Support New and Existing Opportunities

One Third of Branches are in Asian markets

18%
of Total Deposits

\$41B
Deposit Market Potential
> (~3% Market Share¹)

9.8%
FFIC 5 Year Asian Market
CAGR vs 3.3%¹ for the
Comparable Asian
Markets

Key Community Events During 1Q24



- Lunar New Year Parade in Flushing
- Tangram Mall Lunar New Year with Tote Bag



Outlook

■ Balance Sheet

- Expect stable loans
- Focused on improving funding mix; expect normal seasonal funding patterns

■ Net Interest Income

- Expecting NIM is close to a bottom (assuming stable Fed rates)
 - Will depend primarily on the loan closings and CD repricing
 - \$1.7 billion of retail CDs to mature over the next year at a weighted average rate of 4.69%; closer to market rates
- Scheduled \$583 million of loans to reprice 212 bps in 2024 (based on March 31, 2024 index values)

■ Noninterest Income

- Approximately \$38.9 million of back-to-back swaps in the loan pipeline; banking services fee income to benefit in the quarter as these loans close

■ Noninterest Expense

- 2024 Core noninterest expense expected to rise low to mid single digits from the 2023 base of \$151.4 million

■ Effective Tax Rate

- Expecting mid 20s% for 2024

Drivers to Improve Profitability Profile

- **Profitability is pressured due to the impact of higher rates on net interest margin**

- Net interest margin improvement can come from:

- **Areas We Control**

- Improving lending spreads on new originations and are willing to sacrifice volume to enhance profitability
- Loans to continue to reprice higher by approximately 200 bps
- Asset and loan mix
- Limiting expansion of funding costs through lower CD rates

- **Market Impacts**

- A positively sloped yield curve will help to reduce funding costs and/or increase the yield on assets
- A reduction in interest rates should also help reduce the pressure on funding costs
- Continued focus on bending the expense curve
- Maintain strong credit quality

These Actions Should Improve Profitability to a Double Digit ROAE Over Time

Key Takeaways – Staying Disciplined in a Challenging Environment

■ Areas of Focus

- Increase NIM and Reduce Volatility
 - Loan and CD repricing
 - Focusing on noninterest bearing deposits
- Maintain Credit Discipline
 - Low risk profile
 - Conservative loan underwriting
 - History of low credit losses
 - Minimal exposure to Manhattan office buildings
- Preserve Strong Liquidity and Capital
 - Low uninsured and uncollateralized deposits with high available liquidity
 - Favorable capital ratios
- Bend the Expense Curve
 - Low expense growth in 1Q24

■ Environment Remains a Challenge

- Uncertain interest rate outlook
- Weak loan demand at reasonable spreads that fit our underwriting standards

Appendix



Digital Banking Usage Continues to Increase

18%

Increase in Monthly Mobile Deposit Active Users
March 2024 YoY



~30,000

Users with Active Online Banking Status

1%

March 2024 YoY Growth



18%

Digital Banking Enrollment
March 2024 YoY Growth



Internet Banks

iGObanking and BankPurely national deposit gathering platforms

~2% of Average Deposits in March 2024



Numerated

Small Business Lending Platform

\$2.3MM of Commitments in 1Q24



~11,700

Zelle® Transactions

~\$4.2MM

Zelle Dollar Transactions in March 2024



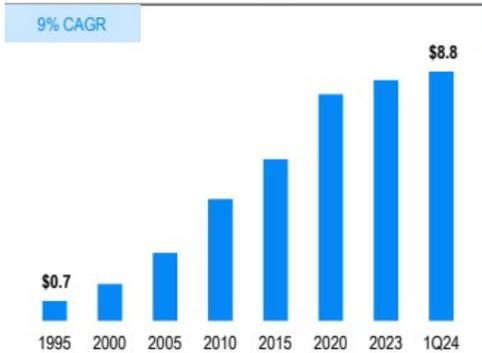
Technology Enhancements Remain a Priority to Grow Customer Base and Increase Engagement

Annual Financial Highlights

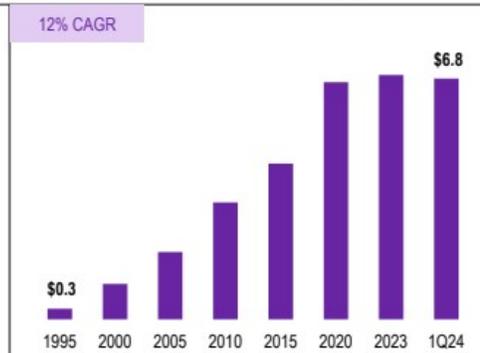
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Reported Results | | | | | | |
| EPS | \$0.96 | \$2.50 | \$2.59 | \$1.18 | \$1.44 | \$1.92 |
| ROAA | 0.34 % | 0.93 % | 1.00 % | 0.48 % | 0.59 % | 0.85 % |
| ROAE | 4.25 | 11.44 | 12.60 | 5.98 | 7.35 | 10.30 |
| NIM FTE | 2.24 | 3.11 | 3.24 | 2.85 | 2.47 | 2.70 |
| Core¹ Results | | | | | | |
| EPS | \$0.83 | \$2.49 | \$2.81 | \$1.70 | \$1.65 | \$1.94 |
| ROAA | 0.29 % | 0.92 % | 1.09 % | 0.68 % | 0.68 % | 0.85 % |
| ROAE | 3.69 | 11.42 | 13.68 | 8.58 | 8.42 | 10.39 |
| NIM FTE | 2.21 | 3.07 | 3.17 | 2.87 | 2.49 | 2.72 |
| Credit Quality | | | | | | |
| NPAs/Loans & REO | 0.67 % | 0.77 % | 0.23 % | 0.31 % | 0.24 % | 0.29 % |
| LLRs/Loans | 0.58 | 0.58 | 0.56 | 0.67 | 0.38 | 0.38 |
| LLR/NPLs | 159.55 | 124.89 | 248.66 | 214.27 | 164.05 | 128.87 |
| NCOs/Average Loans | 0.16 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.04 | - |
| Criticized & Classifieds/Loans | 1.11 | 0.98 | 0.87 | 1.07 | 0.66 | 0.96 |
| Capital Ratios | | | | | | |
| CET1 | 10.25 % | 10.52 % | 10.86 % | 9.88 % | 10.95 % | 10.98 % |
| Tier 1 | 10.93 | 11.25 | 11.75 | 10.54 | 11.77 | 11.79 |
| Total Risk-based Capital | 14.33 | 14.69 | 14.32 | 12.63 | 13.62 | 13.72 |
| Leverage Ratio | 8.47 | 8.61 | 8.98 | 8.38 | 8.73 | 8.74 |
| TCE/T A | 7.64 | 7.82 | 8.22 | 7.52 | 8.05 | 7.83 |
| Balance Sheet | | | | | | |
| Book Value/Share | \$23.21 | \$22.97 | \$22.26 | \$20.11 | \$20.59 | \$19.64 |
| Tangible Book Value/Share | 22.54 | 22.31 | 21.61 | 19.45 | 20.02 | 19.07 |
| Dividends/Share | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.80 |
| Average Assets (\$B) | 8.5 | 8.3 | 8.1 | 7.3 | 6.9 | 6.5 |
| Average Loans (\$B) | 6.8 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 5.3 |
| Average Deposits (\$B) | 6.9 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 4.7 |

Over a 28 Year Track Record of Steady Growth

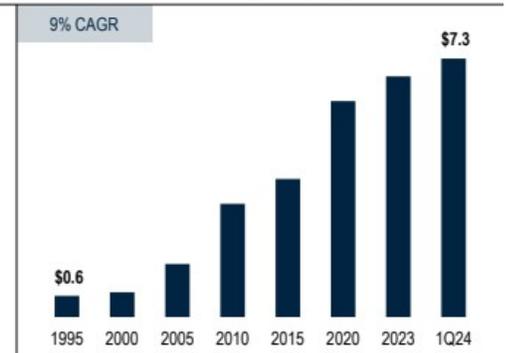
Assets (\$B)



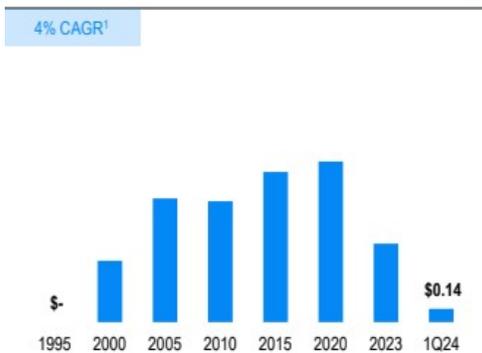
Total Gross Loans (\$B)



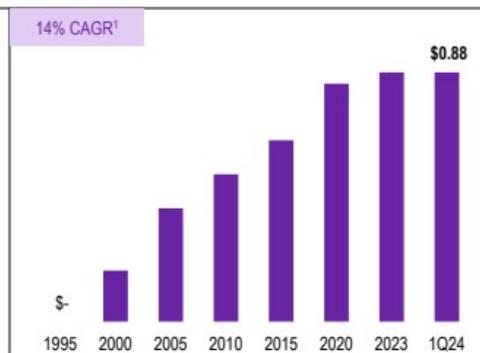
Total Deposits (\$B)



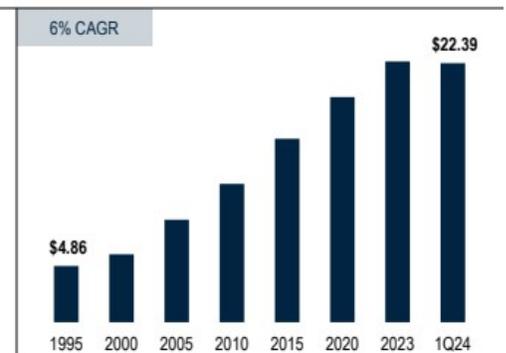
Core EPS (\$)



Dividends per Share (\$) ²



Tangible Book Value per Share (\$)

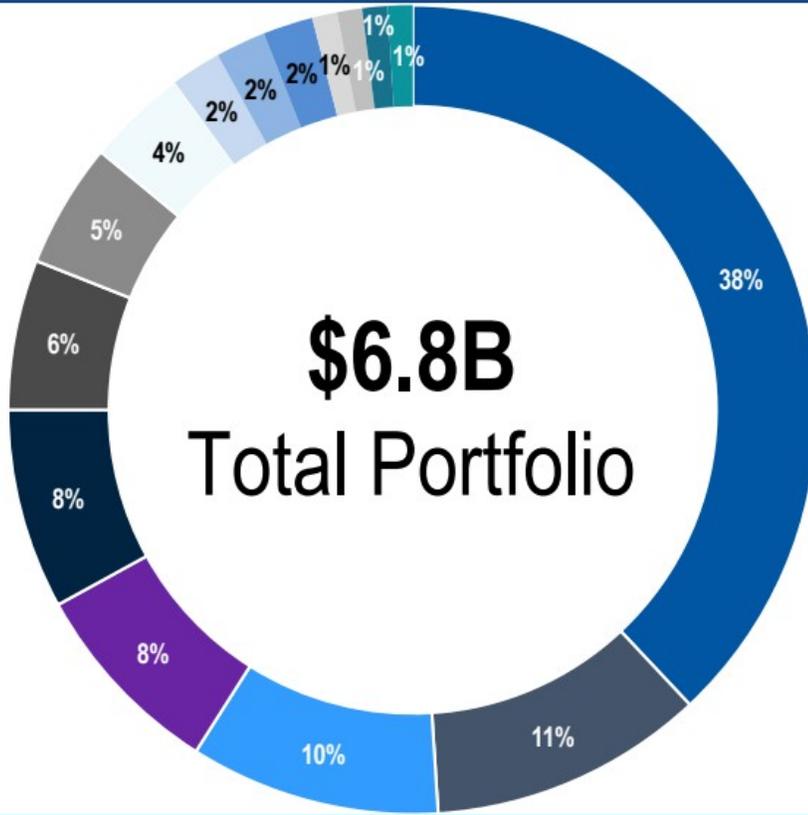


Approach to Real Estate Lending: Low Leverage & Shared Philosophy

- **Since 1929, we have a long history of lending in metro New York City**
 - Historically, credit quality has outperformed the industry and peers
 - From 2001-2023, median NCOs to average loans has been 4 bps compared to 52 bps for the industry
 - Median noncurrent loans to total loans has been 37 bps compared to 130 bps for the industry over the same period
- **The key to our success is shared client philosophy**
 - Our clients tend to have low leverage (average LTV is <36%) and strong cash flows (DCR is 1.8x for multifamily and CRE¹)
 - Multigenerational– our clients tend to build portfolio of properties; generally, buy and hold
 - Borrowers are not transaction oriented – average real estate loan seasoning is over 8 years, which is generally passed the 5-year reset for multifamily and investor CRE loans
 - We do not attract clients who are short term borrowers, who want funds on future cash flows, or who are aggressively trying to convert rent regulated units into market rents

Our Conservative Lending Profile Has Served Us Well Over Many Cycles

Loans Secured by Real Estate Have an Average LTV of ~36%



89% Real Estate Based

- Multifamily: 38.0%
- Non Real Estate: 11.0%
- Owner Occupied CRE: 10.0%
- One-to-four family - Mixed Use: 8.0%
- General Commercial: 8.0%
- CRE - Strip Mall: 6.0%
- CRE - Shopping Center: 5.0%
- One-to-four family - Residential: 4.0%
- CRE - Single Tenant: 2.0%
- Industrial: 2.0%
- Office - Multi Tenant: 2.0%
- Health Care/Medical Use: 1.0%
- Commercial Special Use: 1.0%
- Construction: 1.0%
- Office - Single Tenant: 1.0%

Manhattan Office Buildings are Approximately 0.5% of Net Loans and All Are Performing

Multifamily: Conservative Underwriting Standards

Portfolio Data Points

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| Portfolio Size: | \$2.6 billion |
| Average Loan Size: | \$1.2 million |
| Current Weighted Average Coupon: | 4.81% |
| Weighted Average LTV: | 45% |
| % of Loans with LTV >75% | 0% |
| Weighted Average DCR: | 1.8x |
| NPLs/Loans | 0.18% |
| 30-89 Day Delinquent/Loans | 0.41% |
| Criticized and Classified Loans/Loans | 54 bps |

Underwriting Standards at Origination

- All loans underwritten with a 250-300 bps increase in rates at origination; especially when rates were low
- Debt coverage ratios (DCR) based on current rents; not projected cash flows
- Underwritten Net Operating Income (NOI) at origination includes forecasted increases in expenses and potential increase interest rates, which limits overall leverage
- Cap rates were underwritten to 5%+ when rates were low
- Annual loan reviews performed; cash flows updated annually and a trend analysis on the portfolio is performed
- 30-year amortization
- Loans generally reset every 5 years (FHLB Advance rate + 225 bps)

Multifamily: Manageable Repricing Risk

Actual Repricing

| (\$000s) | At Origination | | At Reprice Date | |
|-----------------|----------------|----------|-----------------|---------|
| | 2019 | Stressed | CAGR | 2023 |
| Purchase Price: | \$7,500 | | | \$7,500 |
| Loan Amount: | \$4,250 | \$3,824 | | \$3,824 |
| LTV: | 56.7% | | | 51.0% |
| Rate: | 3.75% | 5.75% | | 6.45% |
| Annual Payment: | \$159 | \$301 | | \$324 |
| Income: | 725 | 848 | 4% | 848 |
| Expense: | 362 | 423 | 4% | 423 |
| NOI: | \$363 | \$425 | | \$425 |
| DCR: | 2.28 | 1.41 | | 1.31 |

NOI Sensitivity

| | NOI Sensitivity | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------|------|---------|
| | CAGR | 2023 | CAGR | 2023 |
| Loan Balance: | | \$3,824 | | \$3,824 |
| Repricing Rate: | | 6.45% | | 6.45% |
| Annual Payment: | | \$324 | | \$324 |
| Income: | 4% | 848 | 4% | 848 |
| Expense: | 6% | 458 | 8% | 492 |
| NOI: | | \$390 | | \$356 |
| DCR: | | 1.20 | | 1.10 |

Key Data Points

- During 2023, \$296 million of loans repriced ~196 bps higher to 6.61%; all loans repriced to contractual rate
- For the remainder of 2024, \$245.9 million of loans are forecasted to reprice 237 bps higher to a weighted average rate of 6.73%¹
- Example of a typical 2023 loan repricing:
 - Income and expense increased at an approximate 4% CAGR
 - Rate resets to FHLB 5-yr advance + 225 bps
 - NOI sensitivity provided for illustrative purposes only; actual expense CAGR has been 4%

Multifamily: DCR Risks Are Well Contained

Debt Coverage Ratio Details¹

| | |
|--|---|
| Multifamily weighted average DCR | 1.8x ² |
| Amount of loans with a DCR of 1.0-1.2x | \$126.7 million ³ |
| LTV of loans with a DCR of 1.0-1.2x | 49.5% |
| Amount of loans with a DCR <1.0x | \$22.9 million ³ |
| LTV of loans with a DCR <1.0x | 38.9% |
| Of the loans with a DCR <1.2x: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None have an LTV >70% • \$14 million have an LTV >60% • No loans are criticized or classified • Average seasoning is about 6.8 years |

Key Data Points¹

- Underwriting assumes higher rates at origination leading to strong DCRs
- Low amount of loans with DCRs less than 1.2x and minimal amount below 1.0x
- Borrowers have significant equity positions in these loans, especially for those with DCRs less than 1.0x
- Credit performance is favorable with no criticized, classified, or delinquent loans more than 30 days
- Only \$28.4 million of loans with a DCR <1.2x are due to reprice in 2024 with a weighted average coupon of 4.78%
- \$59.9 million are fixed rate or due to reprice in 2028 or later

Multifamily: Minimal Interest Only; High Quality Performance

Interest Only Loan Details¹

| | |
|--|---|
| Total interest only loans | \$262.8 million |
| Weighted average LTV | 49.1% |
| Weighted average DCR | 2.6x |
| Amount of loans with a DCR <1.2x | \$0 ² |
| 30-89 Day Delinquent/Loans | \$0 |
| Criticized and Classified Loans/Loans | \$0 |
| Amount of loans to become fully amortizing in 2024 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$137.2 million • DCR of 3.5x current and ~2.2x when fully amortized |

Key Data Points

- Interest only loans are typically only offered to relationship customers who have a prior history with the Bank
- A client requests an interest only loan when cash flows early in the project are low and will increase after improvements occur
- Significant equity or multiple properties are offsetting factors
- Loans are generally interest only for 1-3 years and then become fully amortizing
- Underwritten based a fully amortizing basis
- Credit performance is stellar with no delinquencies greater than 30 days, no criticized, and no classified loans

Multifamily: Rent Regulated Portfolio – Granular and Low Risk

Portfolio Data Points¹

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| Portfolio Size: | \$1.6 billion |
| Average Loan Size: | \$1.3 million |
| Current Weighted Average Coupon: | 4.75% |
| Weighted Average LTV: | 48% |
| % of Loans with LTV >75% | 0% |
| Weighted Average DCR: | 1.8x ² |
| Average Seasoning: | 7.2 years |
| 30-89 Day Delinquent | \$3.4 million |
| Criticized and Classified Loans | \$3.2 million |
| Buildings that are 100% rent regulated | \$787 million |
| Buildings that are 50-99% rent regulated | \$527 million |
| Buildings that are <50% rent regulated | \$306 million |

Key Data Points

- New York City area has a shortage of affordable housing creating the need for rent regulated units; annual the Rent Guidelines Board establishes rental increases for these units
- Loans that contain rent regulated properties are about two thirds of the multifamily portfolio
- This portfolio is very granular with about half the portfolio in buildings that are 100% rent regulated and half with a mix of market rents
- Borrowers have over 50% equity in these properties
- With average seasoning over 7 years, these borrowers have experienced rate resets
- Credit performance is solid with low levels of delinquencies, criticized, and classified loans

Investor CRE: Conservative Underwriting Standards

Portfolio Data Points

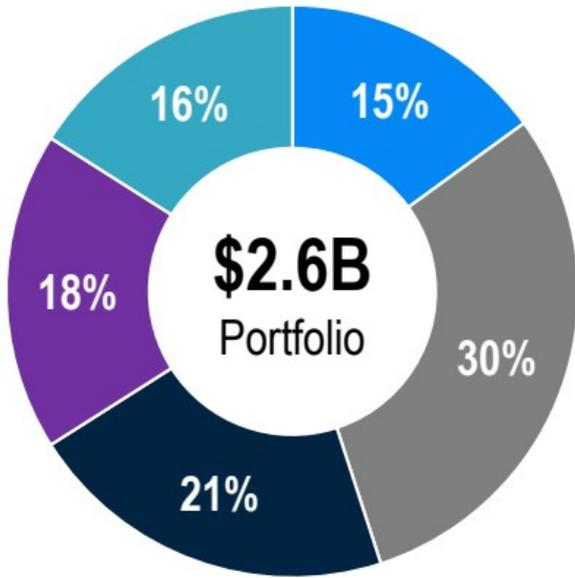
| | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| Portfolio Size: | \$1.9 billion |
| Average Loan Size: | \$2.5 million |
| Current Weighted Average Coupon: | 4.90% |
| Weighted Average LTV: | 51% |
| % of Loans with LTV >75% | 0% |
| Weighted Average DCR: | 1.88x |
| NPLs/Loans | 0% |
| 30-89 Day Delinquent/Loans | 0.47% |
| Criticized and Classified Loans/Loans | 5 bp |

Underwriting Standards at Origination

- All loans underwritten with a 250-300 bps increase in rates at origination; especially when rates were low
- Debt coverage ratios (DCR) based on current rents; not projected cash flows
- Underwritten Net Operating Income (NOI) at origination includes forecasted increases in expenses and potential increase interest rates, which limits overall leverage
- Cap rates were underwritten to 5%+ when rates were low
- Annual loan reviews performed; cash flows updated annually and a trend analysis on the portfolio is performed
- 30-year amortization
- Loans generally reset every 5 years (FHLB Advance rate + 225 bps)

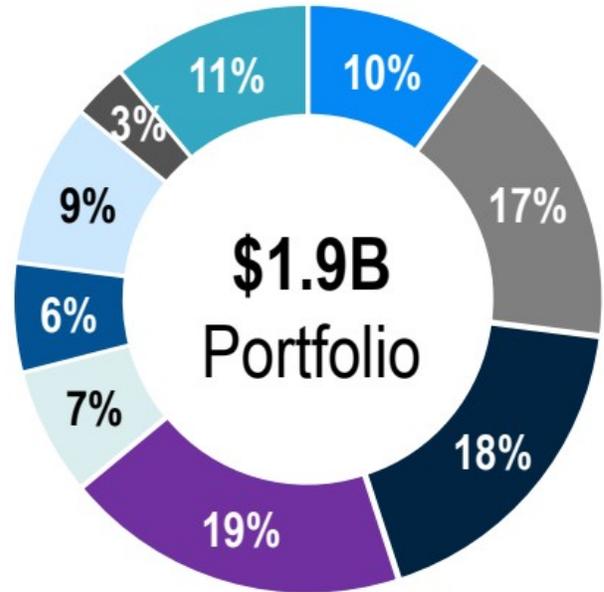
Geographically Diverse Multifamily and CRE Portfolios

Multifamily Geography



- Bronx
- Queens
- Kings
- Other
- Manhattan

Non-Owner Occupied CRE Geography



- Bronx
- Queens
- Kings
- Other NY
- Manhattan
- Suffolk
- NJ
- CT/Other

Underwrite Real Estate Loans with a Cap Rates over 6% in 1Q24 (5%+ Historically) and Stress Test Each Loan

Well-Diversified Commercial Business Portfolio

Real Estate Collateral
\$707MM



- Other: 11.8%
- Wholesalers: 10.8%
- Construction / Contractors: 7.4%
- Medical Professionals: 5.7%
- Manufacturer: 5.4%
- Apparel: 3.1%
- Restaurants: 2.5%
- Real Estate: 2.3%
- Food Services: 2.0%
- Airlines: 1.6%
- Trucking / Vehicle Transport: 11.8%
- Financing Company: 9.3%
- Professional Services (Excluding Medical): 6.6%
- Hotels: 5.6%
- Automobile Related: 3.7%
- Electrical Equipment: 2.7%
- Civic and Social Organizations: 2.5%
- Theaters: 2.1%
- Retailer: 1.6%
- Schools / Daycare Centers: 1.5%

Commercial Business

- Primarily in market lending
- Annual sales up to \$250 million
- Lines of credit and term loans, including owner occupied mortgages
- Loans secured by business assets, including account receivables, inventory, equipment, and real estate
- Personal guarantees are generally required
- Originations are generally \$100,000 to \$10 million
- Adjustable rate loans with adjustment periods of five years for owner-occupied mortgages and for lines of credit the adjustment period is generally monthly
- Generally not subject to limitations on interest rate increases but have interest rate floors

Average loan size of \$1.1 million

Reconciliation of GAAP Earnings and Core Earnings

Non-cash Fair Value Adjustments to GAAP Earnings

The variance in GAAP and core earnings is partly driven by the impact of non-cash net gains and losses from fair value adjustments. These fair value adjustments relate primarily to borrowings carried at fair value under the fair value option.

Core Net Income, Core Diluted EPS, Core ROAE, Core ROAA, Pre-provision, Pre-tax Net Revenue, Core Net Interest Income FTE, Core Net Interest Margin FTE, Core Interest Income and Yield on Total Loans, Core Noninterest Income, Core Noninterest Expense and Tangible Book Value per common share are each non-GAAP measures used in this presentation. A reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures appears below in tabular form. The Company believes that these measures are useful for both investors and management to understand the effects of certain interest and noninterest items and provide an alternative view of the Company's performance over time and in comparison, to the Company's competitors. These measures should not be viewed as a substitute for net income. The Company believes that tangible book value per common share is useful for both investors and management as this measure is commonly used by financial institutions, regulators and investors to measure the capital adequacy of financial institutions. The Company believes this measure facilitates comparison of the quality and composition of the Company's capital over time and in comparison, to its competitors. This measure should not be viewed as a substitute for total shareholders' equity.

These non-GAAP measures have inherent limitations, are not required to be uniformly applied and are not audited. They should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of results reported under GAAP. These non-GAAP measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

Reconciliation of GAAP to CORE Earnings - Quarters

| (Dollars in thousands, except per share data) | For the three months ended | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 | September 30, 2023 | June 30, 2023 | March 31, 2023 |
| GAAP income before income taxes | \$ 4,997 | \$ 11,754 | \$ 10,752 | \$ 11,872 | \$ 5,455 |
| Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments (Noninterest income (loss)) | 834 | (906) | 1,246 | (294) | (2,619) |
| Life insurance proceeds (Noninterest income (loss)) | — | (697) | (23) | (561) | — |
| Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges (Net interest income) | 187 | 872 | (1,348) | 205 | (100) |
| Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments and intangibles (Various) | (169) | (355) | (237) | (227) | (188) |
| Miscellaneous expense (Professional services) | — | 526 | — | — | — |
| Core income before taxes | 5,849 | 11,194 | 10,390 | 10,995 | 2,548 |
| Provision for core income taxes | 1,537 | 3,648 | 2,819 | 3,083 | 659 |
| Core net income | \$ 4,312 | \$ 7,546 | \$ 7,571 | \$ 7,912 | \$ 1,889 |
| GAAP diluted earnings per common share | \$ 0.12 | \$ 0.27 | \$ 0.26 | \$ 0.29 | \$ 0.13 |
| Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments, net of tax | 0.02 | (0.02) | 0.03 | (0.01) | (0.06) |
| Life insurance proceeds | — | (0.02) | — | (0.02) | — |
| Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges, net of tax | — | 0.02 | (0.03) | — | — |
| Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments, net of tax | — | (0.01) | (0.01) | (0.01) | (0.01) |
| Miscellaneous expense, net of tax | — | 0.01 | — | — | — |
| Core diluted earnings per common share ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 0.14 | \$ 0.25 | \$ 0.25 | \$ 0.26 | \$ 0.06 |
| Core net income, as calculated above | \$ 4,312 | \$ 7,546 | \$ 7,571 | \$ 7,912 | \$ 1,889 |
| Average assets | 8,707,505 | 8,569,002 | 8,505,346 | 8,462,442 | 8,468,317 |
| Average equity | 669,185 | 669,819 | 675,041 | 672,835 | 683,058 |
| Core return on average assets ⁽²⁾ | 0.20 % | 0.35 % | 0.36 % | 0.37 % | 0.09 % |
| Core return on average equity ⁽²⁾ | 2.58 % | 4.51 % | 4.49 % | 4.70 % | 1.11 % |

FFIC FLUSHING Financial Corporation ¹ Core diluted earnings per common share may not foot due to rounding
² Ratios are calculated on an annualized basis

Reconciliation of GAAP Revenue and Pre-provision Pre-tax Net Revenue - Quarters

| <i>(Dollars in thousands)</i> | For the three months ended | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 | September 30, 2023 | June 30, 2023 | March 31, 2023 |
| GAAP Net interest income | \$ 42,397 | \$ 46,085 | \$ 44,427 | \$ 43,378 | \$ 45,262 |
| Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges | 187 | 872 | (1,348) | 205 | (100) |
| Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments | (271) | (461) | (347) | (340) | (306) |
| Core Net interest income | <u>\$ 42,313</u> | <u>\$ 46,496</u> | <u>\$ 42,732</u> | <u>\$ 43,243</u> | <u>\$ 44,856</u> |
| GAAP Noninterest income | \$ 3,084 | \$ 7,402 | \$ 3,309 | \$ 5,020 | \$ 6,857 |
| Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments | 834 | (906) | 1,246 | (294) | (2,619) |
| Life insurance proceeds | — | (697) | (23) | (561) | — |
| Core Noninterest income | <u>\$ 3,918</u> | <u>\$ 5,799</u> | <u>\$ 4,532</u> | <u>\$ 4,165</u> | <u>\$ 4,238</u> |
| GAAP Noninterest expense | \$ 39,892 | \$ 40,735 | \$ 36,388 | \$ 35,110 | \$ 39,156 |
| Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments | (102) | (106) | (110) | (113) | (118) |
| Miscellaneous expense | — | (526) | — | — | — |
| Core Noninterest expense | <u>\$ 39,790</u> | <u>\$ 40,103</u> | <u>\$ 36,278</u> | <u>\$ 34,997</u> | <u>\$ 39,038</u> |
| Net interest income | \$ 42,397 | \$ 46,085 | \$ 44,427 | \$ 43,378 | \$ 45,262 |
| Noninterest income | 3,084 | 7,402 | 3,309 | 5,020 | 6,857 |
| Noninterest expense | (39,892) | (40,735) | (36,388) | (35,110) | (39,156) |
| Pre-provision pre-tax net revenue | <u>\$ 5,589</u> | <u>\$ 12,752</u> | <u>\$ 11,348</u> | <u>\$ 13,288</u> | <u>\$ 12,963</u> |
| Core: | | | | | |
| Net interest income | \$ 42,313 | \$ 46,496 | \$ 42,732 | \$ 43,243 | \$ 44,856 |
| Noninterest income | 3,918 | 5,799 | 4,532 | 4,165 | 4,238 |
| Noninterest expense | (39,790) | (40,103) | (36,278) | (34,997) | (39,038) |
| Pre-provision pre-tax net revenue | <u>\$ 6,441</u> | <u>\$ 12,192</u> | <u>\$ 10,986</u> | <u>\$ 12,411</u> | <u>\$ 10,056</u> |
| Efficiency Ratio | 86.1 % | 76.7 % | 76.8 % | 73.8 % | 79.5 % |



Efficiency ratio, a non-GAAP measure, was calculated by dividing core noninterest expense (excluding OREO expense and the net gain/loss from the sale of OREO) by the total of core net interest income and core noninterest income.

Reconciliation of GAAP to Core Net Interest Income and NIM - Quarters

For the three months ended

| <i>(Dollars in thousands)</i> | For the three months ended | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 | September 30, 2023 | June 30, 2023 | March 31, 2023 |
| GAAP net interest income | \$ 42,397 | \$ 46,085 | \$ 44,427 | \$ 43,378 | \$ 45,262 |
| Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges | 187 | 872 | (1,348) | 205 | (100) |
| Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments | (271) | (461) | (347) | (340) | (306) |
| Tax equivalent adjustment | 100 | 101 | 102 | 101 | 100 |
| Core net interest income FTE | <u>\$ 42,413</u> | <u>\$ 46,597</u> | <u>\$ 42,834</u> | <u>\$ 43,344</u> | <u>\$ 44,956</u> |
| Prepayment penalties received on loans and securities, net of reversals and recoveries of interest from nonaccrual loans | <u>(928)</u> | <u>(3,416)</u> | <u>(857)</u> | <u>(315)</u> | <u>(680)</u> |
| Net interest income FTE excluding episodic items | <u>\$ 41,485</u> | <u>\$ 43,181</u> | <u>\$ 41,977</u> | <u>\$ 43,029</u> | <u>\$ 44,276</u> |
| Total average interest-earning assets ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 8,238,395 | \$ 8,080,550 | \$ 8,027,201 | \$ 7,996,067 | \$ 8,006,970 |
| Core net interest margin FTE | 2.06 % | 2.31 % | 2.13 % | 2.17 % | 2.25 % |
| Net interest margin FTE excluding episodic items | 2.01 % | 2.14 % | 2.09 % | 2.15 % | 2.21 % |
| GAAP interest income on total loans, net | \$ 92,959 | \$ 95,616 | \$ 91,466 | \$ 85,377 | \$ 82,889 |
| Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges - loans | 123 | 978 | (1,379) | 157 | (101) |
| Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments | (295) | (484) | (358) | (345) | (316) |
| Core interest income on total loans, net | <u>\$ 92,787</u> | <u>\$ 96,110</u> | <u>\$ 89,729</u> | <u>\$ 85,189</u> | <u>\$ 82,472</u> |
| Average total loans, net ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 6,807,944 | \$ 6,872,115 | \$ 6,817,642 | \$ 6,834,644 | \$ 6,876,495 |
| Core yield on total loans | 5.45 % | 5.59 % | 5.26 % | 4.99 % | 4.80 % |

FFIC FLUSHING Financial Corporation ¹ Excludes purchase accounting average balances for all periods presented

Calculation of Tangible Stockholders' Common Equity to Tangible Assets - Quarters

| <i>(Dollars in thousands)</i> | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 | September 30, 2023 | June 30, 2023 | March 31, 2023 |
|---|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Total Equity | \$ 669,827 | \$ 669,837 | \$ 666,521 | \$ 670,247 | \$ 672,345 |
| Less: | | | | | |
| Goodwill | (17,636) | (17,636) | (17,636) | (17,636) | (17,636) |
| Core deposit intangibles | (1,428) | (1,537) | (1,651) | (1,769) | (1,891) |
| Tangible Stockholders' Common Equity | <u>\$ 650,763</u> | <u>\$ 650,664</u> | <u>\$ 647,234</u> | <u>\$ 650,842</u> | <u>\$ 652,818</u> |
| Total Assets | \$ 8,807,325 | \$ 8,537,236 | \$ 8,579,375 | \$ 8,474,852 | \$ 8,479,734 |
| Less: | | | | | |
| Goodwill | (17,636) | (17,636) | (17,636) | (17,636) | (17,636) |
| Core deposit intangibles | (1,428) | (1,537) | (1,651) | (1,769) | (1,891) |
| Tangible Assets | <u>\$ 8,788,261</u> | <u>\$ 8,518,063</u> | <u>\$ 8,560,088</u> | <u>\$ 8,455,447</u> | <u>\$ 8,460,207</u> |
| Tangible Stockholders' Common Equity to Tangible Assets | <u>7.40 %</u> | <u>7.64 %</u> | <u>7.56 %</u> | <u>7.70 %</u> | <u>7.72 %</u> |

Reconciliation of GAAP Earnings and Core Earnings - Years

| | Years Ended | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 | December 31, 2018 |
| <i>(Dollars In thousands, except per share data)</i> | | | | | | |
| GAAP income (loss) before income taxes | \$ 39,833 | \$ 104,852 | \$ 109,278 | \$ 45,182 | \$ 53,331 | \$ 65,485 |
| Day 1, Provision for Credit Losses - Empire transaction | — | — | — | 1,818 | — | — |
| Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments | (2,573) | (5,728) | 12,995 | 2,142 | 5,353 | 4,122 |
| Net (gain) loss on sale of securities | — | 10,948 | (113) | 701 | 15 | 1,920 |
| Life insurance proceeds | (1,281) | (1,822) | — | (659) | (462) | (2,998) |
| Net gain on sale or disposition of assets | — | (104) | (621) | — | (770) | (1,141) |
| Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges | (371) | (775) | (2,079) | 1,185 | 1,678 | — |
| Accelerated employee benefits upon Officer's death | — | — | — | — | 455 | 149 |
| Prepayment penalty on borrowings | — | — | — | 7,834 | — | — |
| Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments | (1,007) | (2,030) | (2,489) | 80 | — | — |
| Miscellaneous/Merger expense | 526 | — | 2,562 | 6,894 | 1,590 | — |
| Core income before taxes | 35,127 | 105,341 | 119,533 | 65,177 | 61,190 | 67,537 |
| Provision for core income taxes | 10,209 | 28,502 | 30,769 | 15,428 | 13,957 | 11,960 |
| Core net income | \$ 24,918 | \$ 76,839 | \$ 88,764 | \$ 49,749 | \$ 47,233 | \$ 55,577 |
| GAAP diluted earnings (loss) per common share | \$ 0.96 | \$ 2.50 | \$ 2.59 | \$ 1.18 | \$ 1.44 | \$ 1.92 |
| Day 1, Provision for Credit Losses - Empire transaction, net of tax | — | — | — | 0.05 | — | — |
| Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments, net of tax | (0.06) | (0.14) | 0.31 | 0.06 | 0.14 | 0.10 |
| Net (gain) loss on sale of securities, net of tax | — | 0.26 | — | 0.02 | — | 0.05 |
| Life insurance proceeds | (0.04) | (0.06) | — | (0.02) | (0.02) | (0.10) |
| Net gain on sale or disposition of assets, net of tax | — | — | (0.01) | — | (0.02) | (0.03) |
| Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges, net of tax | (0.01) | (0.02) | (0.05) | 0.03 | 0.05 | — |
| Accelerated employee benefits upon Officer's death, net of tax | — | — | — | — | 0.01 | — |
| Prepayment penalty on borrowings, net of tax | — | — | — | 0.20 | — | — |
| Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments, net of tax | (0.02) | (0.05) | (0.06) | — | — | — |
| Miscellaneous/Merger expense, net of tax | 0.01 | — | 0.06 | 0.18 | 0.04 | — |
| NYS tax change | — | — | (0.02) | — | — | — |
| Core diluted earnings per common share ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 0.83 | \$ 2.49 | \$ 2.81 | \$ 1.70 | \$ 1.65 | \$ 1.94 |
| Core net income, as calculated above | \$ 24,918 | \$ 76,839 | \$ 88,764 | \$ 49,749 | \$ 47,233 | \$ 55,577 |
| Average assets | 8,501,564 | 8,307,137 | 8,143,372 | 7,276,022 | 6,947,881 | 6,504,598 |
| Average equity | 675,151 | 672,742 | 648,946 | 580,067 | 561,289 | 534,735 |
| Core return on average assets ⁽²⁾ | 0.29 % | 0.92 % | 1.09 % | 0.68 % | 0.68 % | 0.85 % |
| Core return on average equity ⁽²⁾ | 3.69 % | 11.42 % | 13.68 % | 8.58 % | 8.42 % | 10.39 % |



¹ Core diluted earnings per common share may not foot due to rounding

² Ratios are calculated on an annualized basis

Reconciliation of GAAP Revenue and Pre-Provision Pre-Tax Net Revenue - Years

| <i>(Dollars In thousands)</i> | Years Ended | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 | December 31, 2018 |
| GAAP Net interest income | \$ 179,152 | \$ 243,616 | \$ 247,969 | \$ 195,199 | \$ 161,940 | \$ 167,406 |
| Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges | (371) | (775) | (2,079) | 1,185 | 1,678 | — |
| Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments | (1,454) | (2,542) | (3,049) | (11) | — | — |
| Core Net interest income | <u>\$ 177,327</u> | <u>\$ 240,299</u> | <u>\$ 242,841</u> | <u>\$ 196,373</u> | <u>\$ 163,618</u> | <u>\$ 167,406</u> |
| GAAP Noninterest income | \$ 22,588 | \$ 10,009 | \$ 3,687 | \$ 11,043 | \$ 9,471 | \$ 10,337 |
| adjustments | (2,573) | (5,728) | 12,995 | 2,142 | 5,353 | 4,122 |
| Net (gain) loss on sale of securities | — | 10,948 | (113) | 701 | 15 | 1,920 |
| Life insurance proceeds | (1,281) | (1,822) | — | (659) | (462) | (2,998) |
| Net gain on disposition of assets | — | (104) | (621) | — | (770) | (1,141) |
| Core Noninterest income | <u>\$ 18,734</u> | <u>\$ 13,303</u> | <u>\$ 15,948</u> | <u>\$ 13,227</u> | <u>\$ 13,607</u> | <u>\$ 12,240</u> |
| GAAP Noninterest expense | \$ 151,389 | \$ 143,692 | \$ 147,322 | \$ 137,931 | \$ 115,269 | \$ 111,683 |
| Prepayment penalty on borrowings | — | — | — | (7,834) | — | — |
| Accelerated employee benefits upon Officer's death | — | — | — | — | (455) | (149) |
| Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments | (447) | (512) | (560) | (91) | — | — |
| Miscellaneous/Merger expense | (526) | — | (2,562) | (6,894) | (1,590) | — |
| Core Noninterest expense | <u>\$ 150,416</u> | <u>\$ 143,180</u> | <u>\$ 144,200</u> | <u>\$ 123,112</u> | <u>\$ 113,224</u> | <u>\$ 111,534</u> |
| GAAP: | | | | | | |
| Net interest income | \$ 179,152 | \$ 243,616 | \$ 247,969 | \$ 195,199 | \$ 161,940 | \$ 167,406 |
| Noninterest income | 22,588 | 10,009 | 3,687 | 11,043 | 9,471 | 10,337 |
| Noninterest expense | (151,389) | (143,692) | (147,322) | (137,931) | (115,269) | (111,683) |
| Pre-provision pre-tax net revenue | <u>\$ 50,351</u> | <u>\$ 109,933</u> | <u>\$ 104,334</u> | <u>\$ 68,311</u> | <u>\$ 56,142</u> | <u>\$ 66,060</u> |
| Core: | | | | | | |
| Net interest income | \$ 177,327 | \$ 240,299 | \$ 242,841 | \$ 196,373 | \$ 163,618 | \$ 167,406 |
| Noninterest income | 18,734 | 13,303 | 15,948 | 13,227 | 13,607 | 12,240 |
| Noninterest expense | (150,416) | (143,180) | (144,200) | (123,112) | (113,224) | (111,534) |
| Pre-provision pre-tax net revenue | <u>\$ 45,645</u> | <u>\$ 110,422</u> | <u>\$ 114,589</u> | <u>\$ 86,488</u> | <u>\$ 64,001</u> | <u>\$ 68,112</u> |
| Efficiency Ratio | 76.7 % | 56.5 % | 55.7 % | 58.7 % | 63.9 % | 62.1 % |



Efficiency ratio, a non-GAAP measure, was calculated by dividing core noninterest expense (excluding OREO expense and the net gain/loss from the sale of OREO) by the total of core net interest income and core noninterest income.

Reconciliation of GAAP and Core Net Interest Income and NIM - Years

| | Years Ended | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 | December 31, 2018 |
| <i>(Dollars in thousands)</i> | | | | | | |
| GAAP net interest income | \$ 179,152 | \$ 243,616 | \$ 247,969 | \$ 195,199 | \$ 161,940 | \$ 167,406 |
| Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges | (371) | (775) | (2,079) | 1,185 | 1,678 | — |
| Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments | (1,454) | (2,542) | (3,049) | (11) | — | — |
| Tax equivalent adjustment | 404 | 461 | 450 | 508 | 542 | 895 |
| Core net interest income FTE | <u>\$ 177,731</u> | <u>\$ 240,760</u> | <u>\$ 243,291</u> | <u>\$ 196,881</u> | <u>\$ 164,160</u> | <u>\$ 168,301</u> |
| Prepayment penalties received on loans and securities, net of reversals and recoveries of interest from nonaccrual loans | (6,497) | (6,627) | (4,576) | (6,501) | (7,058) | (7,050) |
| Net interest income FTE excluding episodic items | <u>\$ 171,234</u> | <u>\$ 234,133</u> | <u>\$ 238,715</u> | <u>\$ 190,380</u> | <u>\$ 157,102</u> | <u>\$ 161,251</u> |
| Total average interest-earning assets ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 8,027,898 | \$ 7,841,407 | \$ 7,681,441 | \$ 6,863,219 | \$ 6,582,473 | \$ 6,194,248 |
| Core net interest margin FTE | 2.21 % | 3.07 % | 3.17 % | 2.87 % | 2.49 % | 2.72 % |
| Net interest margin FTE excluding episodic items | 2.13 % | 2.99 % | 3.11 % | 2.77 % | 2.39 % | 2.60 % |
| GAAP interest income on total loans, net | \$ 355,348 | \$ 293,287 | \$ 274,331 | \$ 248,153 | \$ 251,744 | \$ 232,719 |
| Net (gain) loss from fair value adjustments on qualifying hedges | (345) | (775) | (2,079) | 1,185 | 1,678 | — |
| Net amortization of purchase accounting adjustments | (1,503) | (2,628) | (3,013) | (356) | — | — |
| Core interest income on total loans, net | <u>\$ 353,500</u> | <u>\$ 289,884</u> | <u>\$ 269,239</u> | <u>\$ 248,982</u> | <u>\$ 253,422</u> | <u>\$ 232,719</u> |
| Average total loans, net ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 6,850,124 | \$ 6,748,165 | \$ 6,653,980 | \$ 6,006,931 | \$ 5,621,033 | \$ 5,316,968 |
| Core yield on total loans | 5.16 % | 4.30 % | 4.05 % | 4.14 % | 4.51 % | 4.38 % |

FFTC FLUSHING Financial Corporation ¹ Excludes purchase accounting average balances for the years ended 2023, 2022, 2021, and 2020

Calculation of Tangible Stockholders' Common Equity to Tangible Assets - Years

| <i>(Dollars in thousands)</i> | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 | December 31, 2018 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Total Equity | \$ 669,837 | \$ 677,157 | \$ 679,628 | \$ 618,997 | \$ 579,672 | \$ 549,464 |
| Less: | | | | | | |
| Goodwill | (17,636) | (17,636) | (17,636) | (17,636) | (16,127) | (16,127) |
| Core deposit intangibles | (1,537) | (2,017) | (2,562) | (3,172) | — | — |
| Intangible deferred tax liabilities | — | — | 328 | 287 | 292 | 290 |
| Tangible Stockholders' Common Equity | \$ 650,664 | \$ 657,504 | \$ 659,758 | \$ 598,476 | \$ 563,837 | \$ 533,627 |
| Total Assets | \$ 8,537,236 | \$ 8,422,946 | \$ 8,045,911 | \$ 7,976,394 | \$ 7,017,776 | \$ 6,834,176 |
| Less: | | | | | | |
| Goodwill | (17,636) | (17,636) | (17,636) | (17,636) | (16,127) | (16,127) |
| Core deposit intangibles | (1,537) | (2,017) | (2,562) | (3,172) | — | — |
| Intangible deferred tax liabilities | — | — | 328 | 287 | 292 | 290 |
| Tangible Assets | \$ 8,518,063 | \$ 8,403,293 | \$ 8,026,041 | \$ 7,955,873 | \$ 7,001,941 | \$ 6,818,339 |
| Tangible Stockholders' Common Equity to Tangible Assets | 7.64 % | 7.82 % | 8.22 % | 7.52 % | 8.05 % | 7.83 % |

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